according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## Sulfuric acid 95-97 %

Version 2.0 Revision Date 29.07.2015 Supersedes 1

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Sulfuric acid 95-97 %

SDS-number : 000000017685

Type of product : Mixture

Remarks : SDS according to Art. 31 of Regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Chemical-Technical application

Substance/Mixture

Uses advised against : none

Short title of exposure

scenarios

Use as intermediate in manufacture of inorganic and organic

chemicals including fertilizers (industrial)

Use as processing aid. (industrial)

Use for extraction and processing of minerals and ores

(industrial).

Use for surface treatment (industrial). Use in electrolytic processes (industrial). Use in gas purification (industrial).

Use in production of lead acid batteries (industrial).

Maintanance of lead acid batteries (professional). Recycling of lead acid batteries (industrial). Use as laboratory chemical (professional). Use for industrial cleaning (industrial).

Use in formulation (industrial).

Use of lead acid batteries (consumers).

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Honeywell Specialty Honeywell International, Inc.

Chemicals Seelze 101 Columbia Road

GmbH Morristown, NJ 07962-1057

Wunstorfer Straße 40 USA

30926 Seelze Germany

Telephone : (49) 5137-999 0 Telefax : (49) 5137-999 123

For further information, : PMTEU Product Stewardship: please contact: SafetyDataSheet@Honeywell.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone : (49) 5137-999 0(Seelze)

number +1-703-527-3887(ChemTrec)

+1-303-389-1414(Medical)

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin corrosion Category 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### 2.2. Label elements

## REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye

damage.

Precautionary statements P281 Use personal protective equipment as

required.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/

vapours/ spray.

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT

induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap

P302 + P352

and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air

and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water

> for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/ attention.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the

sulphuric acid

label

## 2.3. Other hazards

Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. Reacts violently with water.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Chemical Name	CAS-No. Index-No. Registration number EC-No.	Classification 1272/2008	Concentration	Remarks
sulphuric acid (Active ingredient)	7664-93-9 016-020-00-8 01-2119458838-20 231-639-5	Skin Corr. 1A; H314	>= 50 - <= 100	1*

<sup>1\* -</sup> For specific concentration limits see Annexes of 1272/2008

Remaining components of this product are non-hazardous and/or are present at concentrations below reportable limits.

Occupational Exposure Limit(s), if available, are listed in Section 8. For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice:

First aider needs to protect himself. Immediately take off contaminated clothing and rinse body with plenty of water.

## Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is present. Call a physician immediately.

## Skin contact:

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin heal slowly and with difficulty. Call a physician immediately.

#### Eye contact:

Protect unharmed eye. Irrigate eyes for at least 15 minutes with copious quantities of water, keeping eyelids apart and away from eyeballs during irrigation. Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tissue damage and blindness. Call a physician immediately.

#### Ingestion:

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Magnesium hydroxide (milk of Magnesia) as an antacid may be given. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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no data available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry powder

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons:

Water

Do NOT use water jet.

Contact with a relatively small quantity of water creates violent reaction generating much heat and spattering of hot acid

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire may cause evolution of:

Sulphur oxides

Some risk may be expected of corrosive and toxic decomposition products.

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

In case of a spillage, the resulting acid solution may attack many metals with liberation of hydrogen which is flammable and forms explosive mixture with air

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

No unprotected exposed skin areas.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. The product itself does not burn. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Wear personal protective equipment. Unprotected persons must be kept away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.

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### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Pick for disposal in tightly closed containers

Do not direct water spray at the point of leakage.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling:

Use only acid resistant equipment. Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product. Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper instructions. Ventilators required at emission site. Wear personal protective equipment. Wash parts with an aqueous solution of calcium hydroxide. When diluting, always add the product to water. Never add water to the product.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion:

Normal measures for preventive fire protection. In case of a spillage, the resulting acid solution may attack many metals with liberation of hydrogen which is flammable and forms explosive mixture with air

#### Hygiene measures:

Separate rooms are required for washing, showering and changing clothes. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep working clothes separately. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Further information on storage conditions:

Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Product is hygroscopic. Do not leave vessels/containers open Containers should be protected against falling down. Avoid product residues in/on containers

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

no additional data available

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### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits:

Components	Basis / Value type	Value / Form of exposure	Exceeding Factor	Remarks
sulphuric acid	EU ELV TWA	0,05 mg/m3 Mist		Indicative
sulphuric acid	EH40 WEL TWA	0,05 mg/m3		

TWA - Time w eighted average

### **DNEL/ PNEC-Values**

Component	End-use / Impact	Exposure duration	Value	Exposure routes	Remarks
sulphuric acid	Workers / Acute local effects		0,1 mg/m3	Inhalation	
sulphuric acid	Workers / Long-term local effects		0,05 mg/m3	Inhalation	

Component	Environmental compartment / Value	Remarks
sulphuric acid	Sew age treatment plant: 8,8 mg/l	
sulphuric acid	Fresh w ater: 0,025 mg/l	
sulphuric acid	Marine w ater: 0,25 mg/l	
sulphuric acid	Fresh water sediment: 0,002 mg/l	
sulphuric acid	Marine sediment: 0,002 mg/l	

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Occupational exposure controls

The Personal Protective Equipment must be in accordance with EN standards:respirator EN 136, 140, 149; safety glasses EN 166; protective suit: EN 340, 463, 468, 943-1, 943-2; gloves EN 374, safety shoes EN-ISO 20345.

## **Engineering measures**

Use with local exhaust ventilation. Emergency sprinkling nozzle acid resisting floor

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

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In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

Hand protection:

Glove material: Viton (R) Break through time: > 480 min Glove thickness: 0,7 mm

Vitoject® 890

Gloves must be inspected prior to use.

Replace when worn.

Remarks:Supplementary note: The specifications are based on information and tests from similar substances by analogy.

Due to varying conditions (e.g.temperature or other strains) it must be considered that the usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined in

accordance with EN 374.

Since actual conditions of practical use often deviate from standardised conditions according EN 374 the glove manufacturer reccomends to use the chemical protective glove in practice not longer than 50% of the recomended permeation time.

Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity of types .

Suitable gloves tested according EN 374 are supplied e.g. from KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Vertrieb@kcl.de

Eye protection: Safety goggles

Skin and body protection: acid-proof protective clothing

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Handle in accordance with local environmental regulations and good industrial practices.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : odourless

Melting point/range : -14 - -10 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : ca. 310 °C

at 1.013 hPa

Flash point : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Ignition temperature : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

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Lower explosion limit : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : Not applicable

Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa

at 55 °C

Vapour pressure : < 0,0001 hPa

at 20 °C

Density : ca. 1,840 g/cm3

at 20 °C

Viscosity, dynamic : 21 mPa.s

pH : acidic

Water solubility : completely soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: no data available

## 9.2 Other Information

no additional data available

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

ca.338 °C

Decomposition temperature

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Potential for exothermic hazard

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect from atmospheric moisture and water. Corrodes metals in the presence of water or moisture.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Reacts violently with water.

On dilution or dissolving in water, considerable heating always occurs.

Gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals.

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Reactions with combustible substances. Incompatible with bases.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Sulphur dioxide Sulphur trioxide

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity:

LD50

Species: Rat

Value: 2.140 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: no data available

Acute inhalation toxicity:

LC50

Species: Rat Value: 375 mg/m3 Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin irritation:

Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

Eye irritation:

Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

no data available

Aspiration hazard: no data available

Other information:

Slow-healing wounds. Mists can cause lung damage. Lethal dosis for humans, oral: 1-5 ml conc.

sulphuric acid

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish:

LC50

Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Value: 16 - 28 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

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Toxicity to aquatic plants:

IC50

Growth rate

Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)

Value: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

EC50

Immobilization

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Value: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

no data available

## 12.3.Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

no data available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

The product causes no biological oxygen consumption.

Neutralisation will reduce ecotoxic effects.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product:

Dispose according to legal requirements.

Packaging:

Legal requirements are to be considered in regard of reuse or disposal of used packaging materials

Further information:

Provisions relating to waste:

EC Directive 2006/12/EC; 2008/98/EEC

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Regulation No. 1013/2006

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID

UN Number : 1830

Description of the goods : SULPHURIC ACID

Class : 8
Packaging group : II
Classification Code : C1
Hazard Identification : 80

Number

ADR/RID-Labels : 8 Environmentally hazardous : no

**IATA** 

UN Number : 1830

Description of the goods : Sulphuric acid

Class : 8
Packaging group : II
Hazard Labels : 8

**IMDG** 

UN Number : 1830

Description of the goods : SULPHURIC ACID

Class : 8
Packaging group : II
Hazard Labels : 8
EmS Number : F-A, S-B
Marine pollutant : no

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## Other inventory information

US. Toxic Substances Control Act

On TSCA Inventory

Australia. Industrial Chemical (Notification and Assessment) Act

On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL.

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List

On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) List On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control Act On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZloC), as published by ERMA New Zealand On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Text of H-statements referred to under heading 3

Sulphuric acid : H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### **Further information**

All directives and regulations refer to amended versions.

Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.

#### Abreviations:

EC European Community

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

DNEL Derived no effect level

PNEC Predicted no effect level

vPvB Very persistent and very biaccumulative substance

PBT Persistent, bioaccmulative und toxic substance

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